

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from debility peculiar to their sex, should try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, strengthens the Muscles and Nerves, is a safe, thorough and invigorating. Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not thicken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—entirely free from medicine. Mrs. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., under date of Dec. 25th, 1884: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the weakness I have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has also been beneficial to my children."

Mrs. LOUISA C. BRADON, East Lockport, N. Y., says: "I have suffered untold misery from Female Complaints, and could obtain relief from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters." Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red line on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

THE ADVANTAGES OF



IT CURES DYSPEPSIA
by acting at once on that most important organ, the stomach.

IT CURES INDIGESTION
by causing the assimilation of the food.

IT CURES WEAKNESS
by toning quickly the whole system.

IT CURES MALARIA
by carrying the blood and driving the malarial poison entirely out of the body.

IT CURES CHILLS & FEVER
by stopping the fever, and restoring the nerves to a healthy condition.

IT CURES KIDNEY DISEASES
by strengthening the parts, purifying the blood and relieving all pains in the back.

IT CURES LIVER COMPLAINT
by making the liver and bowels act promptly, carrying off the surplus bile.

IT CURES NEURALGIA
by regulating and strengthening the nervous system of the head, face & neck.

IT CURES RHEUMATISM
by making the blood flow regularly, and evenly through the veins and by removing therefrom the cause of the disease.

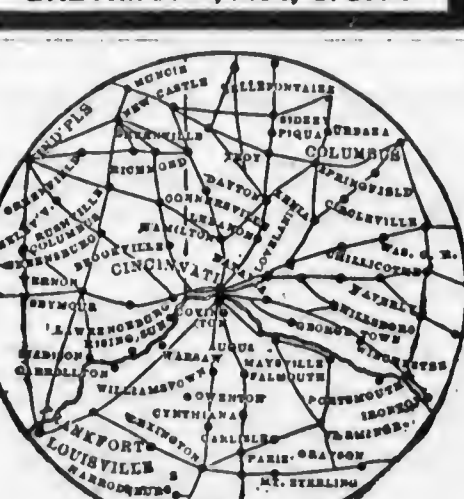
IT CURES FEMALE INFIRMITIES
by regulating the functions, giving strength to all disordered parts. It makes the flesh smooth and cheeks rosy.

IT CURES DELICATE CHILDREN
by giving a healthy and regular appetite, warming the blood and inducing elasticity in the limbs.

IT CURES BLOOD DISEASES
by cleansing and purifying the blood. IT IS delightful to be taken at ANY TIME OF THE DAY. Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner or Supper, in all seasons, as it is exhilarating, comforting and sustaining, providing in a concentrated form admirable, nutritive and flesh-forming qualities, strength and staying power. For sale by all dealers in Medicine. Price \$1.00.

The Volina Almanac for 1887—new and attractive, mailed on receipt of a 2 cent stamp.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS
Volina Drug & Chemical Co.,
BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.



TO FAMILIES
RESIDING WITHIN A RADIUS OF 150 MILES OF CINCINNATI, we will deliver to you railroad station or steamboat landing, **FREE OF CHARGE,** HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES, STAPLE AND FINE GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, at the value of \$25.00 and upwards, at prices quoted in our CONSUMERS' MONTHLY PRICE LIST, mailed on application. (Sugars in quantity excluded.) Our reputation of half a century has been built on honest quality and quality and better warfare against all adulterations, and by never making any misrepresentations.

JOSEPH R. PEEBLES & SONS, GROCERS,
Pike's Building, Cincinnati, O.
ESTABLISHED 1840.

T. J. CUNLEY,
Sanitary Plumber,
GAS & STEAM FITTER
Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of
Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,
Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and steam gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CUNLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite O'Neil Dodson's, Mayville, Ky.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

ELECTION OF SENATORS AND INAUGURATION OF GOVERNORS.

James A. Beaver Inaugurated Governor of Pennsylvania—Governor Green sworn in at midnight—Illinois, Maine and Delaware Elect Senators—Other States.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 19.—The inauguration of James A. Beaver governor of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, took place at 12 o'clock in the house of representatives. There was a great crush of people to gain admittance to the legislative chamber, but none were allowed except in the galleries and those by ticket. The city is crowded with people from every town and county in the state. The National Guard turned out in larger numbers than had been anticipated, and the officers in charge were complimented for the fine display and the excellent marching of the troops as a body.

When the minute hand pointed to the hour of 12, the sergeant-at-arms announced the entrance of the distinguished party. First came Senator Reymann, master of ceremonies, followed by the committee from the house of representatives, sergeant-at-arms of the senate. Then came Governor Patterson, Chief Justice Marcer, Governor-elect Beaver, Secretary of State Stenger, Secretary Africa, Attorney General Cassidy, Senator Cameron, Judge Simonson, Adjutant General Guthrie, United States Senator J. D. Cameron, John Harris, W. U. Housel, and members of Governor Patterson's staff. Next came Lieutenant Governor Black, escorted by Lieutenant Governor-elect Davis, followed by the members of the senate.

At this moment the clamor of the crowd became so great that the presence of the sergeant-at-arms was necessary to quell the disturbance. Upon the entrance of the distinguished party the entire house arose en masse. Lieutenant Governor Black presided. Prayer was offered by Rev. George B. Stewart, pastor of the Market Square Presbyterian church. The certificate of election was then read, and chief justice of the supreme court, Hon. Ulysses M. Moyer, administered the oath of office. During the administration of the oath the new chief executive stood with pale face and uplifted hand.

His answer to the question of supporting the constitution was answered in loud and firm tone of voice. The oath of office was signed by the governor and the jurat of the chief justice attached thereto. The governor arose and delivered his inaugural address. When the applause which followed the conclusion of Governor Beaver's inaugural address had subsided, Lieutenant Governor Black declared the joint convention adjourned.

Governor Green Goes in at Midnight.
TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 19.—Governor-elect Green went before Justice Beasley at midnight last night and took the oath of office as governor of New Jersey. He then went to the state house, where Governor M. Abbott, Allen McDermost, and a few other leading politicians were awaiting him. Governor Abbott extended him a hearty welcome and said: "Governor Green, I turn over to you the office and all there is in it, and wish you a pleasant term."

After a few moments' conversation, the little conference was terminated. This unusual mode of entering upon the duties of the office was adopted by Governor Green on account of the unsettled state of affairs, and the fact that there being no president of the senate, Mr. Baird, who was made speaker by the Republicans, would have been Governor until noon, had not Mr. Green been previously sworn in.

Robert Taylor Inaugurated Governor.
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 19.—Robert L. Taylor was inaugurated as governor yesterday in the presence of a large audience.

NEW SENATORS ELECTED.

C. B. Farwell Elected in Illinois, Hale in Maine, and Gray in Delaware.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 19.—C. B. Farwell, of Chicago, was elected United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of John A. Logan on the first ballot.

Mr. Farwell is a native of New York, being born at Painted Post, July 1, 1833. His father was a farmer, and at the age of eleven years Mr. Farwell was sent to Elmira academy, where he remained until he was fifteen.

In 1858 he came to Illinois, locating where he followed farming and surveying for six years. In 1864 he removed to Chicago, and it is related of him that a ten dollar bill was all he possessed in the world. His first employment was in the county clerk's office at a salary of \$3 per month and board, where he remained two years. Subsequently he was employed as teller in the banking house of George C. Smith & Co. He was elected twice to the office of county clerk, and at the close of his second term entered the dry goods house of his brother, J. W. Farwell, where he has remained ever since. In 1870 he was elected to congress over Long J. W. Wentworth, and re-elected in 1872 and 1874, and declined a re-election in 1876, and again elected in 1878, and declined a re-election in 1882.

Mr. Farwell was a conspicuous figure in congress, and was always a member of the committee on banking and currency. He was on the conference committee that finally perfected the resumption act, and also took an active part in the passage of the free banking act which broke down the monopoly in the National banking system.

Mr. Farwell is not a gifted speaker, but is noted for his sound, practical business sense, and his elevation to the United States senate is regarded as being well merited.

Senator Hawley in Connecticut.
HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 19.—Both branches of the legislature at 3 o'clock p. m. today, balloted separately for United States senator.

In the senate Hawley got 112 and Ingersoll 10, in the house Hawley got 124, Ingersoll 98, H. C. Baldwin 1. Both branches will meet in joint convention to-morrow.

New Senator From Minnesota.
MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 19.—In the Minnesota legislature to-day ex-Governor C. K. Davis, of St. Paul, was elected United States senator, to succeed McMillan. The votes stood: House—Davis 70, Doran 28, Asa Bar-

ton 2, Senate—Davis 33, Doran 14. A strict party vote.

One Vote in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Following is the result of the first ballot for United States senator, taken to-day in both houses of the legislature: Senate—Davis 11, Collins 14, Long 12, Robinson 2. House—Davis 63, Robinson 44, Collins 78, Russell 1. The senate has adjourned.

Gray Re-Elected Senator in Delaware.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 19.—Both houses of the general assembly in session voted unanimously this morning, for the re-election of George Gray, as United States senator. The election will be completed in joint session to-morrow.

Hale Elected in Maine.

ACQUITA, Me., Jan. 19.—The vote in both houses for United States senator to-day, was: Hale, 114; Clifford, 26; Dow, 1; absent ten. Senate, Hale, 27; Clifford, 8; absent one.

In Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 19.—State Treasurer M. S. Quay was today elected as United States senator to succeed Mitchell. He received a straight party vote in both houses. Wolferton received the empty honor by the Democrats.

The Situation in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 19.—Balloting for United States senator to succeed Mr. Van Wyck begins to-day. The situation may be summed up thus: The struggle is between "straight" Republicans, Van Wyck adherents and Democrats. There are 133 members of the legislature, and of these the straight Republicans claim that sixty-two have signed the caucus call. The Democrats have thirty-eight members, and the Van Wyck claim forty-two of the Republicans. The Van Wyck claim to control twenty-five Democratic votes, which would give Van Wyck a majority. There are some anti-Van Wyck Democrats, and the Republicans claim to be able to control enough of these after the first ballot to elect their nominee. They have not yet held a caucus, and it is understood that they will not do so until after the first ballot in the joint convention, when the strength of the candidates will be definitely known.

In Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 19.—The transcript in the injunction proceedings of Smith against Robinson, was filed in the supreme court this morning, and is now under argument. The house this morning, under a resolution offered by Mr. Gardner, Republican, declared that it would not recognize Senator Smith as presiding officer of the joint convention, and after reciting the facts as to Robinson's election added that he was the only man the house would recognize as possessing authority to preside over a joint session. This action is interpreted to mean that the Republicans will hold a joint convention, which will be presided over by Robinson, and that if an attempt is made to enforce the orders of the court, a clash of authority will ensue between the legislators and judicial departments of the state government. The two houses will vote separately for senator.

Senatorial Contest in Texas.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—A special to the World from Austin, Tex., says: The senatorial contest is at fever heat, with the railroad influence somewhat mixed as to candidates. Mr. Hooper, of the Gould roads, and Mr. Waldo, post commissioner, are here in the interest of Mr. Ireland, J. Y. Gould, attorney for the Missouri Pacific, is on the ground working for Reagan. White Gresham, a prominent stockholder and director of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe road, is quietly pushing the claims of Maxey, for re-election, and as a member of the house he will vote for him. Judge Bell, of this city, is also working in Maxey's interest. Mr. Gould is expected here to-day.

Dakota Legislature.

BISMARCK, Dakota, Jan. 19.—Yesterday passed quietly. Many of the legislators living near here went home Saturday night, and did not return until late in the day. It is expected that they will get down to hard work to-day or to-morrow. Governor Church is expected to arrive to-day, and inaugural exercises will probably take place the last of the week, if he receives his commission as he expects. A flood of bills, none of unusual importance, will be poured out in the house this week. Railroad and elevator companies will be paid, most attention, and there is nothing in sight that promises red-hot work.

Serious Explosion in a Newspaper Office.

FINDLAY, O., Jan. 19.—Considerable excitement was caused at 10:30 this morning by a loud explosion, and it was found that the engine in the press-room of the Jeffersonian office had exploded, causing a great wreck to the building and contents. A young man named Charlie Brown was feeling papers on a press at the time, and A. H. Bales, the proprietor, was in the room. Brown was badly hurt in the breast and about the face, but his injuries are not of a dangerous character. The press-room is an entire wreck, windows having been blown out and walls torn loose. A form was piled up stairs and haycocks played generally. We are unable to state where the blame lies. The engine was an old one. The damage foots up over \$1,000, it is believed. The paper had just gone to press with a special advertising edition.

Wild Cat Schemes in the South.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—A special from Meridian, Miss., warns the public that numerous persons are taking advantage of the present boom in southern real estate and other property to start wild cat schemes. There are plenty of splendid genuine investments, and the most glowing descriptions of the wealth of this section of the country, are not exaggerated, but nevertheless investors should be on their guard and know the exact standing of the concerns which invite subscriptions.

Accidentally Killed His Brother.

ONVILLIE, O., Jan. 19.—Galen, a small hamlet south of this place, was the scene of a tragedy to-day, in which one brother took the life of another in the kitchen of their home. While William Barker, aged thirty years, was handling a loaded 22-caliber revolver, one barrel was discharged, the ball lodging in his brother Arthur's left breast, near his heart, killing him instantly. No arrest was made, as the shooting was accidental.

AMONG THE WORKINGMEN

KNIGHTS AND UNIONISTS AGAIN WARRING AT CHICAGO.

A Label Causes All the Trouble—Eight Hour Advocates Claim a Victory—Great Strike at a Montreal Foundry—In St. Louis—Other Labor Notes.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—It is said that the war between the Knights of Labor and the Cigar-makers' union, which was one of the main causes of the Columbus conference, threatens to break out at this point, owing to a determination of a number of the leading radicals among the knights to force the fighting. It was only with great difficulty that the trouble was prevented from arising before, and being a cause of disruption in the labor element. The present movement is caused by the knights demanding the label of the order instead of the regular union label.

As the knights' scale of prices is considerably lower than that of the union, this means a heavy reduction in the wages of cigar-makers, and they are protesting vehemently against the introduction of the knights' label into the Chicago trade. It does not seem, however, that the trouble can be much longer averted, as the knights who are leading the movement are determined to introduce their label regardless of the union. The effect will be to at once open up a wide breach between all the international unions and the knights.

Mr. Leggett Called the Tarn.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 19.—On Saturday last when John F. Leggett, president of the Leggett & Myers Tobacco company, learned of the strike at Larrilla's in Jersey City, N. J., he remarked: "Whenever there is a strike of this kind you will be sure to hear of one or two following." Yesterday Mr. Leggett's prediction was partially fulfilled, when about 150 hands, all of them Knights of Labor, in the wrapping and machine department, struck work.

The firm had received no intimation that their employees had any complaint against them, and could therefore assign no cause for the strike. The employees, however, stated that District Assembly No. 17, Knights of Labor, had formulated charges against the company, and later in the day a committee from the district waited upon Mr. Myers to talk over the matter with him and attempt to reach a settlement of the difficulty. Mr. Myers, however, refused to treat with any labor organization, or to re-employ any of the strikers except those who had been intimidated into stopping work.

The strikers say that the non-union men are being substituted for Knights of Labor, that men are being discharged to make places for girls at lower wages, and that the company contemplates a wholesale reduction in wages ranging from 25 to 35 per cent. About 1,100 hands are employed in the factory, and it is expected that, unless some agreement is arrived at between the company and the strikers, the whole force will be called out by the knights.

The Eight Hour Question.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—The champions of eight hours at the stock yards are slated, it is stated, over the result of the annual elections of officers in the District Assembly No. 57, Knights of Labor. M. J. Butler, who, as master workman of the assembly last fall achieved unenviable notoriety in the part he played in the two big strikes, was put forward as the eight hour candidate, and he was re-elected by a large majority. Considerable opposition to Butler had sprung up in the Town of Lake assemblies, and it was generally supposed that a majority of the delegates to the district assembly were hostile to him, hence his defeat was thought to be a foregone conclusion. His reelection is taken by his friends as an expression of sympathy with the eight hour movement in the stock yards, and it is claimed that the old fight for shortened hours will be resumed early in the spring. A resolution declaring that the eight hour day is still attainable was passed by the full assembly and placed on file.

Eleven Hundred on a Strike.

MONTREAL, Jan. 19.—One of the largest strikes ever known in the province developed yesterday, when the employees of the Montreal rolling mills and the iron foundries of Messrs. Peck & Benny and Pillow & Hersey went out. The hands in the mill works connected with the mills were informed yesterday morning that wages would be reduced 10 per cent. After a short conference the hands decided to go out. The total number of persons involved in the strike is about 1,100, 1,000 of whom belong to the Knights of Labor. Committees have been appointed to wait on the employers, but the prospects of a settlement are not very bright. No disturbance has taken place, nor is there likely to be any.

Troubles of Brewery Employees.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—Committee representing the striking brewery employees and their employers were in conference here, but adjourned indefinitely without coming to an understanding. The strikers, it is said, demanded that all the strikers be taken back, that those men employed since the strike began be discharged, and that the old wage list and rules be again put into operation. This the employers' committee refused to listen to. It is probable that the knights will declare a boycott on beer manufactured by the brewers' association.

Rolling Mills Employees Strike.

MONTREAL, Jan. 19.—The employees of the Montreal rolling mills and iron foundries of Messrs. Peck & Benny and Pillow & Hersey struck. There are about 1,800 men out, 1,000 of whom are Knights of Labor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The legislature will be asked in a few days to grant a charter to a company to be known as the New York & Hudson River Aqueduct company. The company proposes to bring water to New York and Brooklyn from the Adirondacks, a distance of 225 miles, by means of a canal eighteen feet deep, running along the Hudson, with a capacity of 800,000,000 gallons a day. The cities along the Hudson will also be well supplied. The estimated cost is \$60,000,000. The only water works that compare in magnitude with this are those that supply Vienna. The Vienna aqueduct is 300 miles long, occupied six years in construction and cost \$64,000,000.

THE REPUBLIC DISASTER.

Further Inves. Ignition By the Coroner. Revised List of the Lost.

Tiffin, O., Jan. 19.—Coroner Lepper continued his investigation into the Baltimore & Ohio disaster, and established the fact that John S. Gortner was one of the victims, several articles being found in the debris which were known to have been in his possession. The following list contains the names of the victims of whose identity there can be no doubt. It is not probable that the identity of others will be established: Joseph Postlethwaite, of West, W. Va.; Spencer Postlethwaite, of West, W. Va.; Harry Postlethwaite, of West, W. Va.; William Fredericks, of Florida, O.; Pierce, of Wheeling, W. Va.; David Omer, of Oorlin, Pa.; Frank D. Bowman, of Lanark, Ill.; Albert Biew, of Paulsboro, Ill.; M. H. Parks, of Washington, D. C.; Thomas Bonbrant, of Payne, O.; Frank Irwin, of Black Hand, O.; James L. Francis, of Black Hand, O.; John S. Gortner, of McConnorsburg, O.; John L. Beatty, of Goshen, Iowa, and several other persons are missing, but no proof has been adduced to show that they were on the train.

Michael J. McDonald is the name of the Michigan man supposed to be one of the victims. A letter from his father, Edward McDonald, who resides at No. 91 West Elizabeth street, Detroit, Mich., says that Mr. McDonald has been making his home at Baltimore, Md. December 31, he received money by postal order with which to pay his fare to Detroit, and since that time nothing has been heard of him. The father will go to Baltimore in a few days to investigate the case.

Seeing in the papers the name Black Hand, the name of the town in which lived the unfortunate line man, Charles T. Hand, of Centerville, Md., writes Coroner Lepper that he fears his father must be the one in want. His father, W. J. Hand, a merchant of Centerville, went to Baltimore to purchase goods, and has been missing since the wreck.

Arrangements have been made with relatives of persons who perished in the wreck, and with the railroad company for the funeral services of the known and unknown dead who perished in the fatal smoking car. The services will be held in one of the public churches at 2 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, conducted by Revs. Bigger, Long and Schwann, and local clergy. The Masons will attend in a body, Mr. Gortner being a Master Mason. Attica, Bloomville, and Tiffin lodges will participate.

Advancing Rates on Bar Iron.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 19.—A special meeting of the Western Iron association will be held in this city on Wednesday next for the purpose of advancing the card rate on bar iron. As there will be a full representation from all over the country, and as many manufacturers are opposed to any advance, the discussion is expected to be very warm. The proposal is to advance the rate, which now stands at 2 cents a pound, to 2.10. The opponents of the advance stand on the argument that any advance now will result in the dumping of large quantities of foreign iron on the American market, while the advocates of the advance claim that the advance is justified by the advance in raw materials. The raising of the price, officials of the Amalgamated association state, is certain, and will bring a correspondingly large advance in wages, which will come about in accordance with the scale agreement.

The Will of Victoria Woodhull's Niece.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Surrogate Rollins has decided to admit to probate the will of Rosa V. Burns, which was offered for probate on August 30, 1885, and over which there has been a prolonged contest. She was the daughter of Mrs. Mary Sparr, sister of Victoria Woodhull and Jennie C. Chaffin, and at her death owned property worth \$30,000, left her by her father, who had refused to live with her mother. Objections to the will were interposed by the mother, who was named as legatee or devise in it. The will gave all her property to Fernando de Francisco Martin, whom Miss Burns styled "my beloved friend, who has been a protector, guardian and father to me, and whose kindness and affection I desire to acknowledge." Among other things it was charged by Rosa's mother that Martin was the father of a child born to her daughter, which afterwards died.

An Ex-Treasurer Returns From Canada.

VINCENNES, Ind., Jan. 19.—A sensation was spread about yesterday in the rumor that S. S. Hollingsworth, the defaulting county treasurer, was hiding about the city and would give himself up to-day and go to jail. His attorneys are very reticent about the matter, and declare that Hollingsworth's trial will come up on the 25th, and that he will be on hand. It will be remembered that Hollingsworth defaulted with nearly \$73,000 of the county funds, and that he has been in Canada ever since that event. His shortage was settled by his bondsmen at less than fifty cents on the dollar, and he proposes to stand the criminal trial.

Mysterious Assassination.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 19.—Particulars of a mysterious murder in Prairie county, Sunday evening, has just reached here. Judge T. C. Eller, while returning from Devals Bluffs to his home, was assassinated by unknown persons. He was shot twice in the body and his head was bruised with some blunt instrument in a frightful manner. The body was found some distance from the road side where it had been dragged. A sum of money was in the pockets of the dead man, showing that robbery had not been the motive for the crime. The neighborhood is greatly excited, and arrests of suspected persons will be made.

Kept Out in the Country All Night.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 19.—All trains on the Fort Wayne railroad from Chicago, Cleveland and Erie were delayed at Laurel Station, six miles from this city, from 10 o'clock last night until daylight, by an accident to a freight train. No person was injured, but passengers who expected to get into the city before midnight, were compelled to pass the night on the cars. The weather was extremely cold, but a plentiful supply of coal prevented any inconveniences from that source.

Fire in a Synagogue.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The Clinton street synagogue was damaged to the amount of \$5,000 by fire. A servant girl was nearly suffocated.

THE NEWS OF THE NATION.

SUMMARY OF THE IMPORTANT EVENTS AT WASHINGTON.

Secretary Bayard's Answer to the Inquiry on the Subject of Fishing Awards—New Civil Service Rule—The Mrs. Logan Fund—Withholding Salaries—Notes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Baltimore Sun publishes the following: "Secretary Bayard, in answer to an inquiry on the subject, said he did not see how any disclosure affecting the extensive fishery award which we paid to Great Britain, could bring any of the money back into the treasury. We had accepted the decision of the arbitrators, paid the money, and, so far as that was concerned, that was the end of it."

"He said this administration, of course, had no share or lot in that transaction. It was conducted entirely under a Republican administration, and there was no Democratic responsibility for it whatever. He had thought at the time as many others did, and he thought now, that the damages awarded and paid were very much in excess of what Canada was fairly and justly entitled to, but, as he had said, there was no remedy for that. The negotiations concerning the exclusion of American fishermen from Canadian waters were still pending, and the department was certainly doing its utmost for the upholding and protection of American rights, but at the present stage he was not at liberty to make any statement as to the condition of the negotiations. Concerning the communication of Secretary Manning to congress, he said it would not be becoming for him to express any opinion, either in the way of commendation or condemnation."

New Civil Service Rule.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The president has approved a new rule for the improvement of the executive civil service, which authorizes the commissioners to appoint a number of boards of examiners, as follows: A central board of seven members, detailed from the department in which they are serving, to examine and mark the papers of all recommendations for the departmental, postal and customs service submitted to it by the commission; special boards to mark special examination papers for the classified service; supplementary boards to mark supplementary examinations; local departmental boards in the several states and territories, composed of persons in the public service resident therein, customs boards for each customs district, and postal boards for each classified post-office. No person shall be appointed a member of any board of examiners until after consultation by the commission with the head of department in office, in which the person whom it desires to appoint is serving. All vacancies in the customs or postal boards shall be filled by nomination to the commission by the head of the office in which the vacancy occurs. Each examiner in the boards thus provided for is to be allowed time during office hours to perform the duties required of him; and all the boards shall be under the direct supervision of the commissioners.

Withholding Salaries.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Something of a sensation was created to-day when Sergeant-at-Arms Leeson received an order from Comptroller Durham, of the treasury, ordering him to withhold the salaries of Congressmen Curtin, of Pennsylvania, and Wade, of Missouri, alleging that they are indebted to the government on accounts not settled. In the case of Mr. Curtin he is charged with owing the government \$944.83 on unsettled accounts while minister to Russia. Mr. Curtin claims that he does not owe one cent of the claim, and that this state of affairs is shown because of the poor system of keeping accounts at the treasury. Mr. Wade's case is similar and grows out of accounts relating to his position as lieutenant during the war.

Whisperings About an Appointment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—It is whispered about the capitol that the nomination of Charles W. Irish, of Iowa City, Iowa, who was designated during the recess of congress to be surveyor general of Nevada, vice Christopher C. Powning, suspended, is to be adversely reported on the ground that Home Rule should prevail, and a citizen of Nevada selected for the place.

The Mrs. Logan Fund.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Mrs. Logan fund, which Capt. Logan started, has run up to about \$90,000. Besides this there were \$18,000 contributed by citizens of Chicago, deposited in Riggs's bank in this city yesterday. Mrs. Logan paid off all the encumbrances on the Calumet Place property.

A Tragedy in a Church.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Ky., Jan. 19.—News has just reached here of a terrible shooting affray at Gum Lick Church, six miles east of this place, in which Constable M. Z. Crist was shot by Robert Dance, one of a party of toughs who were making a general discharge of musketry, so to speak, and who is a terror to the community. For quite a number of years the country surrounding Gum Lick has been the scene of numerous tragedies. Last night after church the people were started by a continuous shooting, accompanied by yells of "Come on, Crist!" Crist, who is all grit, went and made one arrest and started off with the prisoner, when his brother, Dance, interrupted, and Crist attempted to arrest him also, when Dance drew his pistol, with the words, "Arrest him! I'll shoot you!" and attempted to fire in the officer's breast, when quite a struggle ensued, with the above result. They were surrounded by the gang who prevented any one from coming to Crist's assistance. A warrant was sworn out immediately for Dance's arrest, but he has not yet been found.

Grocery and Dwelling Burned.

HILLSBORO, O., Jan. 19.—The grocery and dwelling-house of Elwood Ladd, at New Lexington, ten miles north of here, were destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. Loss \$4,300, insured in the H. D. Waddell agency for \$2,600, as follows: Cooper, of Dayton, \$1,000 on stock; German, of Freeport, Ill., \$800 on store building; Amazon, of Cincinnati, \$800 on dwelling. It is supposed that burglars were at work in the store, and in blowing the safe, set fire to the building. Savage's large brick storehouse had the galvanized iron cornice melted off, and several other buildings caught fire from the burning building, but were saved by the heroic efforts of the citizens.

A Cleveland Fire.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 19.—A four-story brick block at Nos. 14 and 16 Huron street, occupied by commission merchants and small manufacturers, was badly damaged by fire yesterday evening.

WILL THEY ACCEPT?

A Novel Proposition From Gamblers to Church People.

SHARON, Pa., Jan. 19.—Great interest is created in sporting circles here by the apparently well authenticated report that the Young Men's Christian association has made overtures and covenants of a very novel character to the proprietors and patrons of the gambling dens of this city.

It appears that about a month ago a well organized movement was secretly directed against the law breakers, and with the assistance of spies the names of 105 patrons of the green table were secured. Among the latter were many young men who had been considered models of propriety. Just before the raids were to have been made on the dens the proprietors, it is alleged, secured a compromise by confidentially assuring the agitators that if antagonistic action was suspended and secrecy guaranteed one-half of the proceeds of the various games would be given to the Christian association. Sharon has a state reputation as a gambling resort.

Crushed to Death Under a Tree.

XENIA, O., Jan. 19.—As several men in the employ of a Mr. Copenhagen were cutting down trees to-day on the John Cooper farm, west of this city, a large tree that had been partly sawed, and then clapped on the other side, fell out of line and lodged in the other trees. While trying to dislodge the tree the butt end swung around and fell with a great crash on one of the choppers, Wesley Leahr, crushing the life out of him at once. Deceased was a brother-in-law of Rev. G. W. H. Smith, of Lancaster, O., was thirty-three years of age, and leaves a wife and two small children, all in destitute circumstances.

Death of Colonel Asa H. Waters.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 19.—Col. Asa H. Waters, of Millbury, died this morning, aged seventy-nine years. He was a graduate of Yale in 1829, and received his military title on Governor Morton's staff in 1841. He was of the seventh generation from Richard Waters, who settled in Salem in 1633, a gunmaker, and the craft has been followed by every generation since. Col. Waters retired from the business at the close of the civil war. He leaves a widow and three daughters, one of whom is the wife of Professor E. A. Grosvenor, of Robert's college, Constantinople.

Lincoln's Trusted Messenger Ill.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 19.—Charles Heyser, who was carrier of private dispatches for Abraham Lincoln, and who held the president's head when he lay wounded in Ford's theatre, at Washington, is in the city in distressing circumstances. He is out of work and is ill of consumption. He has had an eventful career, having taken part in the Prusso-Austrian, the Franco-Prussian and American civil wars.

A Missing Bookkeeper.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 19.—William Spurgeon, bookkeeper for Hurst, Parnell & Co., dry goods merchants, who disappeared about Christmas, when he found that exports had been put on his books, is still missing. It has been found that within three years he made away with \$20,000 of the firm's money. His whereabouts cannot be learned.

Fatally Hurt By Cars.

WINCHESTER, O., Jan. 19.—Wilson Murphy, claiming Columbus, O., as his home, was struck by a west-bound train and received internal injuries which the doctors say will prove fatal. His relatives were notified by telegraph, but no reply has yet been received.

A Child Burned to Death.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Jan. 19.—Willie, a three-year-old child of William Divine, of Bridgeport, was burned to a crisp. His clothing caught fire from a grate while his mother was out after a hod of coal.

Died of Paralysis.

DENVER, Col., Jan. 19.—Surveyor General James A. Dawson died last night from the effects of a stroke of paralysis received last Thanksgiving.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce, and Cattle Markets for January 19.

New York.—Money 4 1/2 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments steady. Currency notes, 25 bid; four coupons, 127 1/2; four-and-a-halves, 110 1/4 bid.

The stock market opened feverish and unsettled, and during the first half a pressure to sell some of the leading stocks broke prices 3/4 to 1/2 per cent. After the first 15 minutes prices steadied and the decline of the first half hour was fully recovered by midday.

Bur. & Quincy... 137 1/2 Mich. Central... 93 1/4 Canadian Pacific... 65 N. Y. Central... 110 1/2 Central Pacific... 41 1/2 Northwestern... 115 1/2 C. & O. & I... 64 1/2 Northern Pacific... 2 1/2 N. & Hudson... 104 do preferred 60 Del. Lack. & W... 143 1/4 Ohio & Miss... 20 1/4 Denver & Rio G... 38 1/4 Pacific Mail... 8 1/2 Erie second... 38 1/4 Reading... 90 1/2 Illinois Central... 134 Rock Island... 125 1/2 Jersey Central... 64 St. Paul... 80 1/2 Kansas & Texas... 31 1/2 do preferred 115 1/4 Lake Shore... 9 1/2 Union Pacific... 59 1/2 Louisville & Nash... 62 Western Union... 74

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, \$4.75 @ 1.00; family, \$3.35 @ 1.00. WHEAT—No. 3 red, 80 @ 83c; No. 2, 84 @ 85c. CORN—No. 3 mixed, 3c; No. 2 mixed, 3 1/4c. OATS—No. 3 mixed, 20 @ 20 1/2c; No. 2 mixed, 20 1/2 @ 21c; No. 3 white, 21 @ 21 1/2c. POTATOES—Family, \$3.00 @ 3.15 @ 3.25; regular, \$1.87 1/2 @ 1.90.

LARD—Kettle, 67 @ 67c. HAMS—Smoked, clear sides, 7c. CHEESE—Pine to choose Ohio, 11 1/2 @ 12c; New York, 12 @ 12 1/2c.

POULTRY—Common chickens, 20 @ 22 1/2c per dozen; fair to prime, 22 1/2 @ 25c; choice, \$2.75 @ 3.00; ducks, 2.00 @ 3.00; live turkey, 6 @ 6 1/2c. WOOL—Unwashed medium of 40's, 25 @ 26c; fine merino, 30 @ 31c; common, 19 @ 20c; fleece-washed medium clothing, 31 @ 32c; combing, 30 @ 32c; fine merino, X and XX, 24 @ 25c; burt and comb, 16 @ 18c; two washed, 31 @ 33c; pulled, 27 @ 30c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$11.00 @ 11.50; No. 2, \$10.00 @ 10.50; mixed, 9.00 @ 9.50; prairie, 7.00 @ 7.50; wheat, oats and rye straw, 12.00 @ 12.50.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3.50 @ 4.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 @ 3.50; yearlings and calves, \$2.25 @ 3.00.

HOGS—Select butchers, \$4.50 @ 4.90; fair to good packing, \$4.00 @ 4.75; fair to good light, \$4.30 @ 4.45; common, \$3.80 @ 4.20; culls, \$3.00 @ 3.75.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$2.75 @ 3.50; good to choice, \$3.75 @ 4.00; common to fair lambs, \$4.00 @ 4.50; good to choice, \$4.50 @ 5.25.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 red state, 96c; No. 2 red winter, February, 93c; May, 97c. CORN—Mixed, cash, 47 1/2c; February, 47 1/2c. OATS—No. 1 white state, 41c; No. 2, 38 1/2c. CATTLE—4, 10 @ 11.50 per 100 lbs. live weight. HOGS—5.00 @ 5.25 per 100 lbs. live weight. SHEEP—4.00 @ 4.75 per 100 lbs. live weight.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Slow and unchanged; receipts, 247 head; shipments, 1,015 head; prime, \$4.75 @ 4.90; fair to good, \$4.25 @ 4.50; common, \$3.50 @ 3.75.

HOGS—Active; receipts, 7,500 head; shipments, 1,000 head; prime, \$5.00 @ 5.25; fair to good, \$4.50 @ 4.75; common, \$4.00 @ 4.25.

YORKERS—4.50 @ 4.75; common to light, \$4.50 @ 4.60.

SHEEP—Quiet; prices unchanged; receipts, 1,500 head; shipments, 4,000 head; prime, \$4.75 @ 4.90; fair to good, \$4.25 @ 4.50; common, \$3.50 @ 3.75.

LAMBS—4.50 @ 4.75 per 100 lbs. live weight.



"I want something to cure my cough. I have tried our doctor, and almost every proprietary medicine I ever heard of, but nothing seems to do me any good," a lady said to the clerk in a large drug-store.

"Gooch's Mexican Syrup gives the most general satisfaction of any thing we have ever sold, and is pronounced by some of our most prominent people to be the best remedy for coughs and lung troubles ever put upon the market. We sell more of it than all other cough remedies put together. You see our customers risk nothing in buying, as the proprietors authorize all druggists to guarantee it; so if this does not give you satisfaction, we will refund the money. It has made some remarkable cures," he replied.

A WORD TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptives, because all other things fail, believe not that Gooch's Mexican Syrup will. CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. Tuberculous matter is nothing more than nourishment imperfectly organized. Now, if we can procure the organization of this food material so that through the process of electric affinity it may take its place in the system, we can cure the disease. This is just what Gooch's Mexican Syrup does: It at once stops the progress of the disease by preventing the further supply of tuberculous matter, for while the system is under its influence all nourishment is organized and assimilated. It controls Coughs, Night-Sweats, and all other symptoms of consumption. GOOCH'S MEXICAN SYRUP HAS CURED THOUSANDS AND IT WILL CURE YOU. This remedy is pleasant to the taste, and may be given to children with perfect safety. It affords immediate relief. Clergymen, lawyers and other public speakers will be greatly benefited by using this remedy to clear and strengthen the voice. This medicine is prepared and every bottle warranted by CINCINNATI DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., 54 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale by all druggists. 50 cts. per bottle. If your medicine dealer hasn't it and won't get it for you, send us 50 cents and we will send a bottle, expressage prepaid to any part of the U. S.

Headquarters For ALL KINDS



C. S. MINER & BRO.

MALBY, BENTLEY & CO.

— Wholesale and Retail —

GROCERS!

WINES, LIQUORS,

TOBACCOS AND TEAS

Fine Concord Wine for medicinal purposes.

No. 19, Market Street.

ROBERT BINNET.

— PRACTICAL —

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second street.

FRANK R. HAUCK.

House, Sign and

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Shop a few doors above Yancey & Alexander's livery stable, second street.

MISS ANNA FRAZER.

NOVELTY STORE.

— Dealer in —

DRY GOODS and NOTIONS.

I have always on hand a full supply of School Books, and have just received a large assortment of new millinery goods.

DR. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN.

Dentist,

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

Keynote To Health.

Health is wealth. Wealth means independence. The Keynote is Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the best Cough Syrup in the world. Cures Coughs, Colds, Pains in the chest, Bronchitis and Primary Consumption. One dose gives relief in every case. Take no other. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Samples free. Sold by George T. Wood.

Must All Be Sold. SPECIAL PRICES.

No Winter Goods to be carried over. At some price they must go. Newmarkets at \$3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50 and 5.00, just half former price; Children's Cloaks, 25 to 33 per cent. less than cost—the whole lot to be closed out at a great sacrifice; Red Flannels at 15, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Grey Flannels at 12 1/2, 15, 18, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Grey Blankets, large size, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00; White Blankets, \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00 per pair; Dress Goods at 12 1/2, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard; Cashmeres and Tricots marked down less than cost; Good Jeans at 20, 25 and 35 cents per yard; Woolen Hosiery reduced to close; cut prices made on all Winter Goods. Remember the place: 24 Market street,

CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN!

J. W. Sparks & Bro

Nesbitt & McKrell

Have received a large consignment of

CLOAKS and WRAPS

of the Latest Styles, from one of the best manufacturers in the country, which they offer at astonishingly low prices for CASH. They have also the largest stock of Christmas Novelties ever offered in Maysville. Come early and get the choice goods.

J. BALLENGER.

— DIAMONDS, —

WATCHES, and JEWELRY.

— SPECTACLES. —

FANCY GOODS.

THE

LANGER,

JEWELER

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles, Gold Pens and Imported Novelties. The Largest Stock, Finest Goods, Latest styles and LOWEST PRICES in Maysville. Stores: 43 Second St., Maysville, and 17 Arcade, Cincinnati.